Name _		I	Date	Hour			
Astron	omy #4 - Stud	y Guid	e ALTe	ERNATE			Not Yet 20-0
	The M	Ioon	, the)			
01	Stars &	the	Gal	axy			
I) Put t	hese terms in or	der from	the large	st (I) to sn	nallest ((o)	
	solar system	planet	moon	galaxy	star	univ	verse
2) The	Moon orbits the E	Earth mak	(ing it a n	atural			·
	y year the Moon (Earth? What is t						
ч) Who	it is the length o	f time it t	akes for	the Moon t	o revolvo	e (orbi	t) around
	rth? e complete rotat		•			e Moor) to make
of	hat does the Moo he Moon that is v				nave to c	lo with	n the face

5) Explain why there are so many craters on the Moon.

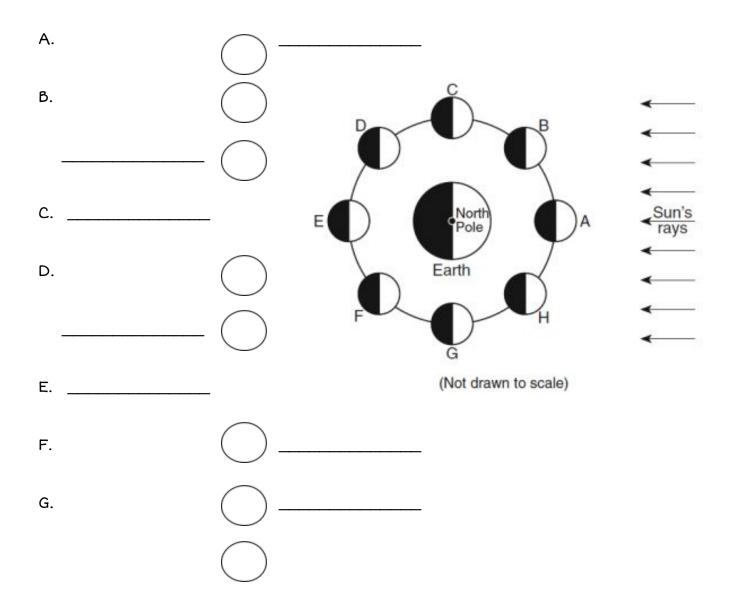
6) Where does the light of the Moon come from?

7) When a little bit more of the Moon is visible as it moves away from the sun we call it ______. When less of the moon is visible as it moves toward the sun, we call it ______.

8) What characteristics would you use to distinguish between a crescent and a

gibbous moon?

9) Use the diagram below to name and illustrate the phases of the Moon.

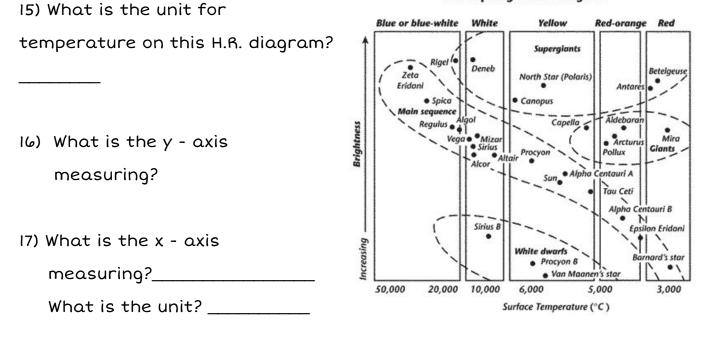


- Н. _____
- 10) Illustrate the position of the Moon, Earth and Sun in order for a lunar eclipse to occur?

Illustrate the position of the Moon, Earth and Sun in order for a solar eclipse to occur?

- 11) Where do stars get their energy to shine?
- 13) On Earth we receive ______ and _____ which are two forms of energy from the sun?
- 14) Give identify three ways in which stars may differ from each other.





Hertzsprung-Russell Diagram

18) Which star is cooler, Arcturus or the Sun? _____

19) Which star is dimmest, Betelgeuse, Vega, Centauri, Rigel?

20) Which star is hottest, Sirius, Betelgeuse or Rigel? ______
21) Which star is brighter, The North Star or Vega? ______
22) The size of a star will affect its ______.

23) What is another term used on HR diagrams to mean brightness?

24) Plot these stars on the HR-Diagram and determine their color.

Letter	Temperatur e	Luminosity	Color
Α	30,000°C	-2	
ß	5,500°C	5	
С	2°000, ک	-8	
D	8,500°C	12	
E	<i>3,</i> 000°C	1	

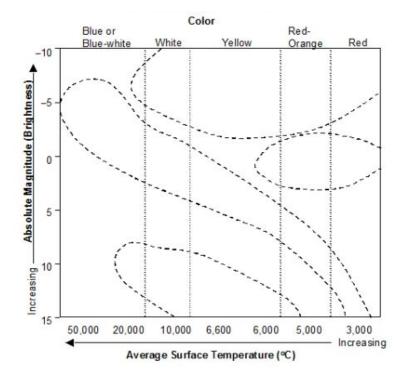
25) Explain why we see

different stars at

different

times in the night sky?

26) Why does Polaris not appear to move it position in the sky?



27) What is the common name

for the star Polaris? _____

28) The galaxy our solar system is part of is called the ______.

29) What is the shape /type of our galaxy?

30) Are we able to see the shape from Earth? Why or why not?